

8.

Bölüm

KOMBİNE TOPİKAL RETİNOİDLER

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ÖZET

Topikal retinoidlerin etkinliğini artırmak, lokal yan etkilerini azaltmak ve hastanın tek üründe birkaç farklı etki mekanizmali molekülle tedavisini sağlamak amacıyla fiks kombinasyonları üretilmiştir. Bu bölümde akne tedavisinde kullanılan adapalen %0.1 ve benzoil peroksit %2.5, adapalen %0.3 ve benzoil peroksit %2.5, klindamisin fosfat %1.2 ve tretinoïn %0.025 ile izotretinoïn %0.05 ve eritromisin %2 kombinasyonlarının yanı sıra psoriasis tedavisinde kullanılan halobetazol propiyonat %0.01 ve tazaroten %0.045 kombinasyonu moleküler yapıları, etkinlik ve güvenlik verileri, endikasyonları ve kontrendikasyonları eşliğinde özetlenmiştir.

Giriş

Kombinasyon tedavileri etken moleküllerin farklı ve tamamlayıcı mekanizmalarını bir araya getirerek daha kullanışlı son ürünler oluşturmayı amaçlar. Özellikle multifaktöryel patogenezi olan akne vulgaris, psoriasis vulgaris gibi hastalıkların tedavisinde topikal retinoidlerin farklı ajanlarla fiks kombinasyonları bu amaçla üretilmiş ve kullanıma sunulmuştur (1). Bu bölümde kombine topikal retinoidler moleküler yapıları, etki mekanizmaları, endikasyonları, kontrendikasyonları, kullanım şekilleri ile etkinlik ve güvenlik verileri eşliğinde gözden geçirilmektedir. Bu kombinasyonların temel özellikleri Tablo 19'da özetlenmiştir.

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kombinasyonu uzun senelerdir ülkemizde akne tedavisinde kullanılmakla beraber bir çok ülkede daha etkili moleküllerin kullanımına girmesiyle önemini kaybetmiştir. Hafif orta şiddetli aknenin topikal tedavisinde kullanılabilir. Halobetazol propionat %0.01 ve tazaroten %0.045 kombinasyonu ile psoriasisin topikal tedavisinde etkili düzeyde iyilik elde edilmiştir. Ancak pahalı bir tedavi olması kullanımını kısıtlayıcı olabilir.

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