



Bölüm 10

Tükürük Bezi Kanserleri

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Epidemiyoloji ve Risk Faktörleri

Tükürük bezleri baş ve boyun bölgesine yerleşmiş olup ürettikleri salgıları kanallar aracılığıyla ağız, burun, boğaz, sinüs, yutağa boşaltan ekzokrin bezlerdir. Tükürük bezi tümörleri nadir görülen farklı klinik, biyolojik davranış ve histolojik özelliklere sahip olan lezyonlardır. Tüm tükürük bezi tümörlerinin yıllık insidansı 100.000'de 0.4-13.5 olgu arasında değişmektedir. İncelenen toplumlara göre farklılık gösterir. Arktik Kanada, Kuzey Alaska ve Grönland'da yaşayan toplumlarda insidansın daha yüksek olduğu görülmektedir (1,2). Malign tükürük bezi tümörlerinin yıllık insidansı ise 100.000'de 0.4-2.6 olgudur.

Tükürük bezleri majör ve minör olarak iki ana grupta değerlendirilir. Bezler birbirinden anatomik, histolojik ve fonksiyonel olarak farklılık gösterirler.

Majör Tükürük Bezleri

Parotis Bezi

Parotis bezi majör tükürük bezlerinin en büyüğüdür. Retromandibular fossa yerleşimli olup

preauriküler bölgede cilt ve cilt altı dokuların derininde ve sağda ve solda mandibula ramusu ile temporal kemik styloid çıkıntısı arasında yer alır. Stenon kanalı ile üst 2. Molar diş seviyesinde bukkal mukozaya açılır. Seröz yapıdadır. Yüz mimik hareketlerini yapmamıza yardımcı olan fasiyal sinir parotis bezi içinden geçer.

Submandibuler Bez

Parotis bezinden sonra ikinci büyük tükürük bezidir. Submandibular bölge yerleşimlidir. Çenemizin altında ağız tabanı ve mandibula köşe posteriorunda her iki tarafta birer tane bulunur. Seröz ve müköz yapıdadır. Warthon kanalı aracılığıyla caruncula sublingualise açılır.

Sublingual Bez

Sublingual bezler en küçük ve en derin yerleşimli tükürük bezleridir. Sublingual fossada dilin her iki arka ve alt kısmında milohiyoid kasların superiorunda yerleşim gösterir. Müköz salgı yapar. Ürettiği salgıyı birden fazla kanalla (Wharton, Rivinus, Bartholin) ağız boşluğu içerisine boşaltır.

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