

## 7. Bölüm

# ALT EKSTREMİTE İSKEMİ REPERFÜZYON MODELİ

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### 7.1. Alt Ekstremitte Fizyolojisi

Alt ekstremitte arterleri, abdominal aortun trifurkasyonundan ortak ilyaklara ve median sakral artere, dördüncü lomber vertebral gövdenin anterior ve soluna doğru ortak iliak arter orijinlerinden başlar (1). Ortak iliak arterler, iç ve dış iliak arterlere ayrılır. Dış iliak arter, ortak femoral arter olarak alt ekstremitelerde devam eder. İnguinal ligamanın üstündeki arter, eksternal iliak arter olarak bilinir ve altında ana femoral arter bulunur. Ana femoral arter, bifurkasyonundan önce yüzeyel epigastrik arter, eksternal pudendal arter ve yüzeyel sirkumfleks arter olmak üzere küçük dallar verir (2). Ana femoral arter, profunda femoris arteri olarak da bilinen yüzeyel ve derin femoral artere çatallanır. Profunda femoris medial ve lateral sirkumfleks femoral arterlere ve uyluk kasına perforan dallar verir (2). Yüzeyel femoral arter, hunter kanalı olarak da bilinen addüktör kanalı boyunca uyluğun medial tarafı boyunca devam eder. Yüzeyel femoral arter addüktör kanalından çıkar, popliteal fossa bölgesinde addüktör hiatusundan çıktıktan sonra popliteal arter adını alarak femurun alt ucunun arkasından seyreder (2). Yüzeyel femoral arter, addüktör hiatus öncesinde dizi besleyen ve aynı zamanda

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## 7.6. Alt Ekstremitte İskemi Reperfüzyon Modellerinin Avantaj/Dezavantajları

| Model  | Avantajları                                                                                                                                      | Dezavantajları                                                                                                  |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fare   | Üretimi ve transferi kolay<br>Bakımı kolay<br>Düşük maliyet<br>Etik onay için uygun<br>Sakrifikasyonu kolay<br>Genetik çeşitlilik fazla          | Kompleks prosedürler zor<br>Kas dokusu daha az                                                                  |
| Sıçan  | Üretimi ve transferi kolay<br>Bakımı kolay<br>Düşük maliyet<br>Etik onay için uygun<br>Sakrifikasyonu kolay<br>Kas dokusu fareye göre daha fazla | Genetik çeşitlilik fareye göre daha az                                                                          |
| Tavşan | Üretimi ve transferi kolay<br>Bakımı kolay<br>Düşük maliyet<br>Kompleks, yeni modeller denemeye daha elverişli                                   | Basit iskemi oluşturmak için büyük bir model<br>Etik onay alması zor<br>Sakrifikasyonu sıçan ve fareye göre zor |
| Domuz  |                                                                                                                                                  | Üretim ve bakımı zor<br>Transferi ve bakımı zor<br>Maliyet yüksek<br>Etik onay zor<br>Sakrifikasyonu zor        |

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