

18.

Bölüm

AYAK BİLEĞİ İNSTABİLİTELERİ VE SIKIŞMA (İMPINGEMENT) SENDROMLARI

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AYAK BİLEĞİ İNSTABİLİTELERİ

Ayak bileği burkulmaları, birinci basamak başvurularında en sık karşılaşılan kas-iskelet sistemi yaralanmalarındandır. Genç popülasyonda tüm yaralanmaların yaklaşık %30'unu ayak bileği burkulmaları oluşturur (1,2). Ekleme oluşturan kemiklere ait konfigürasyon ve ligamanlar tarafından sağlanan stabiliteye rağmen bu travmaların, yaklaşık %85'i ayak bileğinin lateral ile ilişkilidir(3).

Ayak bileği burkuması sonucu bir veya birden fazla bağın yaralanması olarak tanımlanabilcek olan 'sprain', uygun tedavi edilmediği takdirde, %60'lara varan oranlarda, kronik ayak bileği instabilitesine dönüşme potansiyeline sahiptir(4). Bu bölüm içerisinde, ayak bileği instabiliteleri, literatürde genellikle yer bulan lateral stabilitete ek olarak, medial stabiliteteyle birlikte, akut ve kronik fazları da göz önünde bulundurularak inceleneciktir.

Lateral Instabilité

Ayak bileği eklemi; sahip olduğu kemik konfigürasyonu, medialde deltoid ligaman kompleks ve lateral ligamentöz kompleks tarafından desteklenen bir stabilitete sahip, tibiotalar, fibulotalar ve tibiofibular eklemlerden oluşan, ginglimus tipi bir eklemdir. Anterior talofibular ligaman (ATFL), kalkaneofibular ligaman (CFL) ve posterior talofibular ligaman (PTFL) lateral kısmın bileşenleridir. ATFL kapsülün ön kısmı ile birlikte, fibulanın antero-inferior sınrından talusun boynuna kadar uzanır. Intrakapsüler olarak tanımlanır. Hastaların üçte birinde, iki band halinde bir yapı sergiler. CFL ekstrakapsülerdir

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(% 8) örter(84). Hastalar tipik olarak posteromedial aktivite ile ilgili ayak bileği ağrısından şikayet ederler (84). Konservatif tedavi, aktivite kısıtlaması, immobilizasyon, nonsteroid antiinflamatuar ilaçlar, kortizon enjeksiyonu ve fizik tedavisi içerir. Cerrahi, inatçı ağrıarda geçerlidir. Posterior tibialis tendon kılıfında rezidüel fibrotik kalınlaşma cerrahının potansiyel bir komplikasyonudur (85). Ayrıca instabilite oluşturabilmesi bakımından, ayak bileğinin diğer ligaman ve tendon patolojileri de mutlaka not edilmelidir.

Ayak bileği sıkışma sendromları kronik ayak bileği patolojileri ile ilişkili geniş bir yelpazeyi kapsar. Farklı patogenezleri vardır ve lokal ve etiyolojik faktörlere bağlı olarak, farklı tedavi tercihleri doğururlar.

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