



28. Bölüm

COVID-19 ve Radyoloji

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GİRİŞ

Koronavirüs hastalığı-2019 (COVID-19), bir koronavirüs suşu olan şiddetli akut solunum sendromu koronavirüs 2'nin (SARS-CoV-2) neden olduğu bulaşıcı bir hastalıktır (1-3). Küresel olarak yayılmadan önce ilk vakalar Aralık 2019'da Çin'in Wuhan kentinde görüldü. Mevcut salgın, 11 Mart 2020'de Dünya Sağlık Örgütü (WHO) tarafından resmen bir pandemi olarak kabul edildi.

COVID-19 etkeni SARS-CoV-2 tanısı için altın standart boğaz sürüntüsünde bakılan gerçek zamanlı polimeraz zincir reaksiyonu (RT-PCR) testidir. Özellikle hastalığın erken döneminde veya viral yük düşük olduğunda nazofarengeal sürüntü RT-PCR testleri negatif olabilir ve bu dönemde bilgisayarlı tomografi (BT), COVID-19 tanısında önemli bir rol oynar (4). Fang ve arkadaşlarının çalışmasında BT'nin COVID-19 tanısında duyarlılığı %98 saptanırken, altın standart tanı testi olan RT-PCR'nin erken dönemde duyarlılığı %71 olarak saptanmıştır (5). RT-PCR testi COVID-19 tanısı için altın standart olmasına rağmen, akciğer grafisi ve BT, pnömoninin tanı, takip ve evrelemesinde önemli bir role sahiptir (6-9). Akciğer grafisi ve toraks BT COVID-19 için görüntüleme en sık kullanılan radyolojik yöntemlerdir. Toraks ultrasonografisi de bazı merkezlerde tanı ve takip amacıyla kullanılmıştır.

Spesifik olmayan görüntüleme bulguları en sık atipik veya organize pnömoni-dir, ve bulgular tipik olarak bilateral, periferik ve bazal ağırlıklı dağılım gösterir.

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Bir çalışma, CO-RADS'nin altın standart olarak RT-PCR kullanarak COVID-19 teşhisi için hassas ve spesifik olduğunu buldu (69).

COVID-RADS

Nisan 2020'de, Güney Kaliforniya Üniversitesi'ndeki Amerikalı radyologlar, CO-RADS ile benzer bir ada sahip olan COVID-19 görüntüleme raporlama ve veri sistemini (COVID-RADS) önerdiler (60).

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