

# KOMPRESİF OPTİK NÖROPATİ

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Kompresif optik nöropati, optik sinir başında kitlesel bası etkisi ile retina ganglion hücre akson hasarı oluşması sonucu oluşan hastalık grubudur. Kompresif optik nöropati yapan nedenler aşağıda sıralanmıştır.

- ▶ İntrakraniyel veya intraorbital benign ve malign tümörler
  - Optik glioma
  - Optik sinir kılıf meningiomu
  - Kraniofarenjioma
  - Hipofiz adenomu
  - Lenfoma ve lösemiler
  - Germinoma
  - Sinüs histositozis lenfadenopati
  - Nazofarengeal kanserler
  - Metastazlar
- ▶ Vasküler etyolojiler
  - Orbital kanamalar
  - Orbital venöz anomaliler
  - Arteriovenöz malformasyon
- ▶ Ekstramedüller hematopoez
- ▶ Orbita kırıkları
- ▶ Pnömatosel

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radyolojik bulguları olduğundan bu oldukça güçtür. Bu tip tümörlerle ayırıcı tanı kesin olarak histopatolojik inceleme sonucu yapılır.

Asemptomatik olgular takip edilebilir. Orbita cerrahisi masif proptozis varsa, ekstraoküler kas disfonksiyonu oluşmuşsa, kompresif optik nöropati ve görme kaybı gibi majör klinik bulgular varlığında uygulanmalıdır. Hafif ve orta düzey görme azlığı olan olgularda cerrahi sonrası görme keskinliğinde düzelme olabilirken, ileri düzey görme kaybı olanlarda bu kalıcı olabilir.

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