



BÖLÜM 5

Konuşma Bozukluklarının Değerlendirilmesi

Elife BARMAK

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Normal konuşma üretimi, bir dizi koordineli olaydan oluşmaktadır. Artikülatorlerin tam olarak uygun pozisyonda yerleştirilmesini, sıralanmasını, zamanlamasını, yönünü ve gücünü gerektirmektedir. Bu durum, kesin hava akımı değişikliği, fonasyonun başlatılması veya durdurulması ve velofaringeal eylem ile aynı anda gerçekleşmektedir. Konuşma bozukluğu, bu karmaşık süreç bozulduğunda ortaya çıkmaktadır. Konuşma bozuklukları organik veya fonksiyonel etyolojilerden kaynaklanmaktadır (1). Örneğin; yapısal anormallikler organik etyolojiler arasında yer almaktadır. Yapısal anomaliler intrauterin dönemde embriyonun gelişimsel duraksamaları sonucunda; kulak, göz, burun, ağız boşluğu, gırtlak, boyun ve yüz bölgelerinde ortaya çıkmaktadır (2). Yapısal anomalilere örnek olarak hipotroide bağlı hipoglossal dil Resim 1'de gösterilmiştir.

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yaygın paternlerin çoğunu temsil eder ve fonolojik bozukluğu olan çocukların ses hatalarını analiz etmede yaygın olarak kullanılır. Türkçe konuşan çocuklar için fonolojik işlemler ve sonlanma yaşları Tablo 6'da belirtilmiştir (57).

Tablo 6. Türkçe konuşan çocuklar için fonolojik işlemler ve sonlanma yaşları

Fonolojik İşlemler	Yaş
Hece Yitimi	3;0
Ünsüz Düşmesi	3;6
Ünsüz Öbeği Daralması	5;0
Benzeşim İşlemleri	3;6
Seslerin Yerini Değiştirme	2;6
Önleştirme	3;0
Duraklaştırma	3;6
Sürtünmelileştirme	2;6
Akıcıların Değiştirilmesi	5;6
Ötümlüleşme/ Ötümsüzleşme	3;6
Artlaştırma	2;6
Damaksillaştırma	3;0
Durak Sürtünmelileştirme	2;6

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