

BÖLÜM 8

PEDİATRİK ÜROLOJİ İLE İLGİLİ SENDROMLAR II

Çiğdem ARSLAN ALICI¹

Ahmet Ali TUNCER²

POTTER SEKANSI (POTTER SENDROMU)

Özet

Potter sekansı, fetal idrar üretiminin azalması/yokluğu sonucu gelişen ağır oligohidramniyozun tetiklediği, pulmoner hipoplazi ile karakterize ve sıklıkla yaşamla bağdaşmayan bir klinik tablodur. En tipik neden bilateral renal agenezi (BRA) olup, oligohidramniyoza bağlı yüz ve ekstremiteler deformiteleri eşlik eder (1). Bu bölüm, embriyolojik ve genetik arka planı, tanı-ayırıcı tanı yaklaşımını, güncel kanıta dayalı yönetim seçeneklerini ve çocuk ürolojisi pratiğindeki yerini özetlemektedir.

Tanım ve Klinik Spektrum

“Potter sendromu” terimi, birincil bir olayın—fetal idrar üretiminin kaybına bağlı oligohidramniyoz—çoklu ikincil anomalileri doğurduğu bir “sekans”ı ifade eder. Klinik spektrumun merke-

¹ Op. Dr., SBÜ Eskişehir Şehir Hastanesi, Çocuk Ürolojisi Kliniği, lakapies26@gmail.com ORCID iD: 0000-0001-9152-9636

² Prof. Dr., Afyonkarahisar Sağlık Bilimleri Üniversitesi, Tıp Fakültesi, Çocuk Cerrahi AD., drtaali@yahoo.com ORCID iD: 0000-0002-2750-7317

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