

NÖTROOPENİ

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ÖĞRENİM HEDEFLERİ

Bu bölüm sonunda okuyucu;

1. Hematopoez sürecini bilir,
2. Nütropeniyi tanımlar,
3. Febril nötropenide tanılama ve fizik muayeneyi yapar,
4. Febril nötropenili hastanın bakımını yapar.

GİRİŞ

Onkoloji ve hematoloji hastalarında sık görülen nötropeni, periferik kandaki nötrofil sayısının düşmesi olarak tanımlanır. Gelişimi hastaya, hastalığa ve tedaviye ilişkin pek çok neden ile ilişkilidir. Genellikle hastada hastalığa bağlı kemik iliği tutulumunun olması yada hastanın hematolojik malignite tanısı ile tedavi görmesi, tedavisinde yüksek doz kemoterapi alması, kemik iliğini içeren alanların işinlanması ya da hastaya kök hücre nakli yapılması ile gelişmektedir. Hastanın yaşlı olması, hastada ko-morbid hastalığın olması, hastanın performans durumunun düşük olması, tedavi sırasında gıda alımının yetersiz olması ve öncesinde nötropeni hikâyesinin olması bu sorunun gelişme riskini artırmaktadır. Neden ne olursa olsun, son yıllarda kanser tedavisindeki gelişmeler daha yoğun tedavi rejimlerinin kullanma olanağını arttırdığından kanser tedavisinin herhangi bir aşamasında tüm kanser hastalarında nötropeni gelişme riski yüksektir. Önemli

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