

BÖLÜM 42

PRİMER SANTRAL SİNİR SİSTEMİ LENFOMALARI

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GENEL BİLGİLER

Primer santral sinir sistemi lenfomları, tüm neoplazmların yaklaşık %3'ünü ve tüm ekstranodal lenfomaların yaklaşık %4 ila %6'sını oluşturur.[1] Sistemik tutulum bulgusu olmaksızın beyin, göz omirilik, leptomeninkslerde gelişen Non-hodgkin lenfomaların agresiv formudur. Genel olarak immün sistemi normal olan kişiler arasında ortalama 1000 de 0.47'dir. Erkeklerde kadınlardan daha sık olmakla beraber yaş ile beraber sıklığı artmaktadır. [1] İmmünsüprese olmayan hastalarda AIDS ile ilişkili vakalara göre daha iyi bir prognoza sahiptir.[2] Primer diffüz büyük B-hücreli santral sinir sistemi lenfomaların %90'ı B-cell-like(ABC) alt tipin aktivasyonu ile gelişir[3]. Hastaların %90'unun da beyin parankimi tutulumu olmakla beraber bunların %50 si multifokaldır. %30 hastada diffüz yada parankime bitişik lokalize olabilen leptomenengial tutulum görülebilir. %10 ila %20 hastada bağımsız oküler tutulum izlenebilir. Multifokal tutulumdan ötürü ciddi semptomlar ile gelebilir.[4] İzole oküler tutulum ile gelen hastaların yarısında görme problemleri ile başvururlar. Direkt olarak göz içinde lenfoma gelişimi yada primer tümör gelişiminden birkaç hafta ya da birkaç ay sonrasında intraoküler tutulum gelişebilir.[5]

Hasta yönetiminde multidisipliner yaklaşım önemlidir.[6] Görüntüleme için kontrastlı MRI en iyi seçenekdir. T2 ağırlıklı görüntülemelerde izodens/hipointens etrafi ödematoz homojen yapıda lezyon şeklindedir. Doğru bir evreleme hastalığı, hem hastalığın farklı santral sinir sisemi yapılarındaki yayılmasını tanımlamayı hem de eşlik eden sistemik lenfomayı ekarte etmeyi amaçlar. F-18 FDG PET, kemik iliği biyopsisi/aspirasyonu ve testiküler ultrason %4-12 hasta arasında görülebilen extrakranial lenfomaların ekarte edilmesi ve evreleme için yapılmalıdır.[6] Son dönemlerde yeni kullanılmaya başlayan [68Ga]Ga-PentixaFor Pet görüntüleme yöntemi, C-X-C chemokine receptor4 (CXCR4)-positif maligniteler için hem görüntüleme hem de tedavi yanıtında kullanımının uygun olduğu göz-

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