

Bölüm 24

OLİGOMETASTATİK PROSTAT KANSERİ

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GİRİŞ

Güncel üroloji kılavuzları, yeni tanı metastatik prostat kanser (mPCa), ADT'yi tek başına veya kemoterapi (KT) veya yeni nesil abirateron gibi hormonal tedaviler (HT) ile beraber, sistemik tedavi yöntemi olarak önermektedir (7). Sistemik hastalık, konvansiyonel görüntüleme yöntemlerindeki metastaz yüküne göre düşük hacimli ya da yüksek hacimli PCa olarak tanımlanmaktadır (8). Düşük hacimli ya da metastaz sayısına göre oligo-mPCa'da, sistemik tedaviye ek olarak prostata yönelik sRP, radyoterapi (RT), brakiterapi (BT) gibi lokal tedaviler de son yıllarda artan sayıda uygulanmaya başlandı. Bunun yanında oligo-mPCa'da metastaza yönelik tedaviler (MYT) de tedavinin bir parçasını oluşturmaktadır.

VAKA

68 yaşında erkek hasta alt üriner sistem semptomları nedeniyle yapılan tetkiklerinde Prostat Spesifik Antijen (PSA) 8.5 ng/ml çıkması üzerine alınan transrektal ultrason eşliğinde biyopside prostat adenokarsinom Gleason 4+5=9 (ISUP Grade5) ve İntraduktal karsinom ile sonuçlandı. Hastanın toraks ve tüm abdomen tomografisinde metastaza ait bulgu izlenmez iken, hastanın çekilen tüm vücut kemik sintigrafisinde iskelet sisteminde; pelvis sol sakroiliak eklem medialinde fokal diffüz artmış radyofarmösitik tutulumu izlenmiştir. Ayrıca kolumna vertebralis T8. vertebra sol lateralde de minimal fokal artmış radyofarmösitik tutulumu izlenmiştir. Hastaya düşük volumlu oligo-mPCa tanisiyle 02/2018'de Luteinizing Hormone Releasing Hormone (LHRH) analogu HT başlandı. Hastaya 06/2018-07/2018 tarihlerinde 6 kür doksetaksel KT uygulandı. Hastaya KT sonrası da prostat yönelik 11/2018'de RT tedavisi de eklendi. Hastanın bu kombine tedaviler sonrası PSA'sı 0.3 ng/ml idi.

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gösterici olabileceği vurgulanmıştır (26). Yine bu miRNA üzerine yapılan çalışmada, Formosa ve arkı, oligomer olarak adlandırılan miRNA serilerinin oligometastaz için tipik olduğu ve oligometastatik hastalıktan polimetastaza geçiş süresinde rol oynadıklarını göstermişlerdir (27). Lussier ve ark.nın yaptığı çalışmada da, miR-654 işlevini inceledikleri çalışmada, bu markerın ekspresyonundaki önemli düşüşün metastaz, lenf nodu invazyonu ve yüksek PSA seviyeleri ile ilişkili olduğunu belirtmişlerdir (28).

PCa'dan elde edilen eksom proteinleri ile ilgili yapılan çalışmada, b4 ve avb6 gibi integrinlerin, vinculin ve Trop-2 transmembran glikoproteininin yüksek miktarlarının, tümör hücreleri migrasyon ve metastazını sağladığını gösterdiler (29,30). Bu bulgular, eksomları oligo-mPCa'nın erken evresinde ideal biyomarker yaparak, hangi hastaya sRP ve MYT yapılması gerektiğini veya hangi hastaya ADT ile beraber yeni nesil HT başlanması gerektiğini yardımcı olabileceğini düşünmektedirler (22) .

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