

# BÖLÜM 12

## Semen Analizi

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### GİRİŞ

Erkek üreme hücresi olan sperm ilk olarak Anton Van Leewenhoek tarafından 1678 yılında mikroskopta görülmüş animalcules veya spermatikworms olarak tanımlanmıştır (Şekil-1-2) (1). Bilim adamlarının çoğu 1850 yılına kadar spermatozoayı parazit olarak tanımlamışlardır.1841 yılında Albert VonKolliker spermatozoanın parazit olmadığını testislerde üretilen hareketli otolog hücreler olduğunu belirtmiştir.Macomber ve Saunders 1929'da ilk kez insan semenini incelemiş ve gebelik için enaz 60 milyon sperm olması gerektiğini belirtmiştir (2). Dünya sağlık örgütü (WHO) 1980 yılında ilk kez insan semen analizlerinin standardize edilmesi için el kitabı yayınlamıştır.Referans aralıklarını belirlemek için üç kita ve sekiz ülkede yakın zamanda baba olmuş erkeklerin semen verileri kullanılmıştır. El kitabı o zamandan beri birçok kez güncellenmiştir. Son 40 yıldır el kitabının evrensel standartları sağladığı anlaşılmış dünya ölçeğinde yaygın biçimde kullanılmaktadır.

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## Sperm Ultrastrüktür Değerlendirilmesi

Sperm motilitesi, diğer tüm motil hücrelerin silia yapılarında olduğu gibi kuyruk bölümünden 9+2 mimarisinde sağlıklı bir mikrotübül yapısına sahip olmasını gerektirir. İnsanlarda immotil silia sendromu vb. durumlarda olduğu gibi mikrotübül formasyonu bozulmuş ve motil sperm oranı düşmüş olabilmekte ancak bu hücreler metabolik olarak normal aktivite gösterebilmektedir. Dolayısıyla semen analizinde motil sperm oranı %10 altında olan ancak vitalitesi normal olan infertil erkeklerde; sperm ultrastrüktür değerlendirilmesinin yapılması klinik olarak faydalı olduğu gösterilmiştir (6).

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