

Bölüm 21

AYIRICI TANIDA KARACİĞER'İN SOLİD BENİGN NEOPLAZİLERİ

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GİRİŞ

Solid karaciğer lezyonlarının ayırıcı tanısı geniştir, ancak birçoğu noninvaziv yöntemler ile teşhis edilebilir.

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Tanı klinik geçmişin, risk faktörlerinin, laboratuvar test bulgularının, görüntüleme çalışmalarının ve bazı durumlarda lezyonun patolojik tanısının dikkate alınmasını gerektirir^{1,2}.

Yaygın benign karaciğer lezyonları :

- Hemanjiyom
- Fokal nodüler hiperplazi
- Hepatoselüler adenom
- Nodüler Rejeneratif Hiperplazi

Yaygın malign karaciğer lezyonları :

- Hepatoselüler karsinom
- Kolanjiyokarsinom
- Metastatik hastalık

KLİNİK BULGULAR

Solid karaciğer lezyonu olan hastaların çoğunluğu, normal fizik muayene bulguları ve laboratuvar testleri ile asemptomatiktir. Bununla birlikte, bazı hastalarda lezyon (örn. ağrı, kaşıntı veya ele gelen kitle) veya predispozan durumlar (örn., siroz veya ekstrahepatik malignite) ile ilgili semptomlar veya bulgular olabilir.

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Anahtar Kelimeler: Karaciğer, Karaciğerin selim solid lezyonları, Karaciğer kitleleri

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