

Bölüm 3

Dijital Çağda Bilgiye Kolay Erişimin Olumlu Yönü: Psikoeğitim

Dr. Didem Özkan

Giriş

Günümüzde teknoloji ve bilişimin engellenemez ilerleyişi ile internet kullanımının yaş ve bölgeden bağımsız olarak giderek arttığı görülmektedir. Her geçen on yılda, internet kullanımının tüm dünyaya yayıldığı; 2019 yılında yayınlanan son rakamlara bakıldığında dünya çapında dört milyardan fazla insanın internet kullandığı; 2018'den bu yana 350 milyon yeni kullanıcının olduğu görülmektedir(1).

Çağımızda bilişim teknolojisinde yaşanan gelişmelere paralel olarak internet, klasik iletişim ve öğrenme uygulamalarının yerini almış, günlük yaşantımız da dahil olmak üzere pek çok alanda kullanılır hale gelmiştir(2). Her alanda muazzam bir bilgi kaynağı haline gelen internet, sağlık alanında da kullanıcılara pek çok fırsatsunmaktadır. Yapılan geniş çaplı araştırmalarda internet kullanıcılarının hastalık belirtileri, tanılar, tedavi yöntemleri gibi sağlık alanındaki pek çok konuda yüksek oranlarda araştırma yaptığı bulunmuştur. Ülkemize bakıldığında 2018 yılında internet kullanım oranının %72.9 olduğu; internet kullanıcılarının %65.9'unun sağlıkla ilgili bir alanda arama yaptığı tespit edilmiştir(3). İnternetin sağladığı bilgiyle kişiler kendi sağlıkları ile ilgili

Psikolojik mdahalelerin ruhsal hastalıkları nlenmesinde nemli bir potansiyeli olmasına raęmen hastalık ykn azaltmaktaki etkileri sorgulanmaktadır. Olası sebepler kısıtlı saęlık hizmetleri kaynakları sebebiyle bu mdahalelerin topluma entegre edilememesi, zellikle kırsal kesimde rutin pratikte kanıt dayalı mdahalelerin ve yetkin klinisyenlerin bulunamaması sayılabilir. Bu nedenle internet ve mobil tabanlı mdahaleler geleneksel nleme programlarının yerini alabilir(58). Dijital saęlık teknolojileri hastaların kendilerini monitorize edebilmeleri, davranıřsal deęiřiklikler konusunda cesaretlenme, tanı ve tedavi arasındaki gerekli deęiřikliklerin daha dinamik bir řekilde geliřtirilmesine yardımcı olabilir(59, 60). lkemizde de benzer bir durumun olduęu gz nnde bulundurulduęunda bu konu ile ilgili daha geniř aplı eylem planlarının sorumlu kurumlar tarafından yapılmalıdır ve bu řekilde pek ok hastaya hızlı ve gvenilir bir seenek sunulabilir.

Kaynaklar

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