

Bölüm 8

ÜRİNER SİSTEMİN FİZYOLOJİSİ

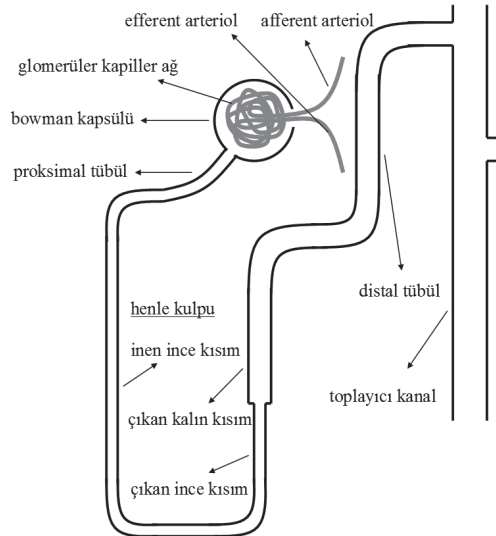
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RENAL FİZYOLOJİ

Kalp debisinin yaklaşık %20'sini alan böbreklerin temel görevi idrar oluşturmaktır. İdrar ile vücuda dışarıdan alınan veya metabolizma sonucu vücutta oluşan artık maddeler uzaklaştırılırken vücudun su ve elektrolit dengesi de düzenlenir (1).

Böbreklerin idrar üretiminin yanında, renin salgılayarak arteriyel kan basıncının düzenlenmesi, eritropoietin salgılayarak eritrosit yapımının uyarılması, D vitamininin aktif formuna dönüştürülmesi ve glukoneogenez gibi endokrin fonksiyonları da bulunmaktadır (2,3,4).

Böbreklerde idrarın üretildiği en küçük fonksiyonel üniteye **nefron** adı verilir. İki böbrekte toplam iki milyon nefron bulunmaktadır. Her bir nefron; glomerül, proksimal tübül, henle kulpu, distal tübül ve toplayıcı kanallardan oluşur (Şekil-1: Nefronun yapısı).



Şekil-1:Nefronun yapısı

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