

## Bölüm **36**

# **GEBELİK ve JİNEKOLOJİK KANSERLER**

**Coşkun ŞİMŞİR<sup>1</sup>**  
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## **GİRİŞ**

Gebelikte kanser yaklaşık olarak 1000 gebelikte 1 insidansa sahiptir (Parazzini& ark., 2017). Görülen kanserlerin üçte biri prenatal dönemde tanı almakla beraber, geri kalanı doğum sonrası ilk 12 ay içerisinde tanı alır. Gebelikle ilişkili en sık görülen üç malignite sırasıyla meme, tiroid ve serviks kanseridir (Smith & ark., 2001). Jinekolojik malignitelerin ise %3'ü gebelikte izlenir (Zanotti, Belinson & Kennedy, 2000). Gebelik kansere predispozan bir durum olmayıp, gebelikte görülen kanserler daha çok üreme çağındaki kadınlarda görülen kanser tipleridir (Pavlidis, 2002). Ancak, gebelikteki fizyolojik değişikliklerin hastalık ilişkili semptomlarla karıştırılmasından dolayı tanışal gecikmeler siktir. Gebelikte en sık görülen jinekolojik kanserler serviks ve over kanseri olmakla birlikte, yüksek paritenin endometrium ve over kanserinde koruyucu olduğu da bilinmektedir (Morice, 2012), (Högnäs& ark., 2014). Gebelik esnasında kanser yönetimi gebeliğin devamı arzusu, kanserin tipi ve evresi göz önüne alınarak bireyselleştirilmelidir.

## **GEBELİKTE TEDAVİ**

### **Cerrahi**

Gebelikte cerrahi tanı, tedavi veya evreleme için kullanılmaktadır. Abdominal cerrahiler tercihen ikinci trimesterde planlanmakla beraber, gebelikte eğer anne sağlığı için tıbbi olarak gereklilik mevcutsa trimesterden bağımsız olarak ameliyat uygulanmalıdır. Gebelikte laparoskopik cerrahi 26-28. haftaya kadar güvenle uygulanabilir (Fatum & Rojansky, 2001). Açık giriş teknigi, sol lateral dekübit po-

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ziyetinin genç kadınlarda vajende berrak hücreli kansere yol açtığı bilinmektedir. Vajen kanseri akıntı ve kanamayla kendini gösterebilir. Vajinal kanser mevcutsa birinci ve ikinci trimesterde gebelik genellikle önemsenmez ve radikal histerektomi, üst vajinektomi, bilateral pelvik paraaortik lenf nodu diseksiyonu uygulanır. Gebelik ileri haftadaysa ve vajen ileri derecede tutulmuşsa uterus hysterotomi ile boşaltılır veya sezaryen yapılip ardından kemoterapi verilir. Ancak vajen kanseri ve gebelik çok nadirdir. Bu nedenle, gebelikte yönetimle ilgili bir kılavuz yoktur (Hoellen & ark., 2012).

**Anahtar Kelimeler:** Gebelik,jinekolojik Neoplazi, Kadın Genital Kanseri

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