

## Bölüm 12

# MONOKLONAL GAMMOPATİLERDE RİSK SINIFLAMASI VE PROGNOZ

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### ANLAMI BELİRLENEMEYEN MONOKLONAL GAMMOPATİ (MGUS) RİSK SINIFLAMASI VE PROGNOZ

Anlamı belirlenemeyen monoklonal gammopati (MGUS) premalign klonal plasma hücre veya lenfoplasmositik proliferatif bir hastalıktır. Elli yaş üzeri genel popülasyonda %3 oranında protein elektroforezi yapılması sonrasında saptanır.

Üç tip klinik alt grubu bulunur ki bunların her biri daha ileri premalign evreye ve devamında malign plasma hücre diskrazisi veya lenfoproliferatif hastalığa progrese olurlar (1-7).

- Non-IgM MGUS (IgG, IgA, veya IgD MGUS) en sık alt tiptir (8). Olguların bir kısmı smoldering multipl miyelom (SMM) veya semptomatik multipl miyeloma (MM) progrese olurlar. Az bir kısım hastada AL tipi amiloidoz, hafif zincir depo hastalığı (LCDD) veya farklı bir lenfoproliferatif hastalığa progresyon saptanır.
- IgM MGUS tüm MGUS hastalarının %15'ini kapsar ve smoldering Waldenstrom makroglobulinemisi (WM) ve semptomatik WM ile non-Hodgkin lenfoma (NHL)'ya progrese olabilir (9). Çok nadir IgM MM progresyon izlenmiştir.
- Hafif zincir MGUS (LC-MGUS) idiopatik Bence Jones proteinürisine, hafif zincir MM, AL amiloidoz veya hafif zincir depo hastalığına ilerleyebilen, ağır zincir sekresyonunun olmadığı nadir bir alt tiptir.

Genel olarak MGUS hastalarının daha ileri bir hastalığa progrese olma oranları yıllık %1'dir. Non-IgM MGUS'a kıyasla bu risk IgM MGUS hastalarında biraz daha fazla ve LC\_MGUS hastalarında daha azdır. İki büyük çalışmada MM tanısı alan hastaların %75'inde tanıdan 8 yıl öncesine kadar tetkiklerinde saptanabilir M proteini olduğu görülmüştür (4-5).

### Hastalığın biyolojisi ve risk sınıflaması

Tanı anında FISH ile kemik iliğinden bakılan sitogenetik tetkikler ile MM doğal seyri ve agresivitesini tespit edilebilmektedir. Bu sonuçlara göre hastalar yüksek risk veya standart risk olarak ayrılmaktadırlar (Tablo 1 )

Tablo 1 . Genetik risk sınıflaması	
Yüksek risk	Standart risk
17p13 del t(4;14) t(14;16) t(14;20) Gain 1q LDH değerinin üst limitin 2 katından fazla olması Plazma hücreli lösemi özellikleri Yüksek riskli gen ekspresyon profili	Diğerleri; Trizomiler (hiperdiploidi) t(11;14) t(6;14)

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