

Bölüm 12

AKCIĞER KANSERİNDE PROGNOSTİK VE PREDİKTİF FAKTÖRLER

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GİRİŞ

Akciğer kanserlerinin yaklaşık %95'i küçük hücreli akciğer kanseri ya da küçük hücreli dışı akciğer kanseri olarak sınıflandırılır. Bu ayırım evrelemenin, tedavinin ve прогнозun doğru belirlenmesi ve tesbiti için gereklidir (1). Aynı başlık altında da olsa temelde her iki hastalık ayrı ayrı değerlendirilmelidir. Bu gruplar hem evreleme hem прогноз açısından birbirinden tamamen farklı özelliklerdir. Ayrıca moleküler patogenezde gerçekleşen hızlı gelişmeler ışığında küçük hücre dışı akciğer kanserinin de kendi içinde heterojen bir hastalık grubuna sahip olduğu görülmektedir (2).

Burada прогноз ve prediktif belirteçlerden bahsedilirken akciğer kanserlerinin 2 ana grubu ayrı ayrı ele alınacaktır.

KÜÇÜK HÜCRELİ DİŞİ AKCIĞER KANSERİ:

Küçük hücreli dışı akciğer kanseri heterojen bir grup olmasına rağmen erken evre ve lokalize hastalıkta tedavi benzerdir. Metastatik hastalık ise tedavi kararı için tümör histolojisi ve tümör dokusunun moleküler analizi önemli rol oynamaktadır.

Günümüzde küçük hücreli dışı akciğer kanserinde bazı özel hedefler ve bunlarla ilgili tedaviler tanımlanmıştır (3). Bunların başlıcaları:

- EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor) mutasyonu
- BRAF (B-raf protooncogen) mutasyonu
- EML-4-ALK (echinoderm microtubulu associated protein like -4/anaplastic lymphoma kinase) füzyonu

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Sınırlı evre hastalık için iyi prognoz ile ilişkili faktörler olarak; kadın cinsiyet, 70 yaşından küçük olma, normal LDH düzeyleri, evre 1 hastalık bulunurken, yaygın evre hastalık olanlarda iyi prognоз gösteren faktörler; genç yaş, normal kreatinin düzeyi, normal LDH düzeyi ve tek metastatik bölge olarak belirlenmiştir(38,39).

SONUÇ

Gerek küçük hücreli dışı akciğer kanserinde gerekse küçük hücreli akciğer kanse-rinde hasta için prognostik ve prediktif önemi olan birçok belirteç tanımlanmıştır. Hastanın tedavi kararını verirken bu belirteçler göz önünde tutulmalıdır.

Anahtar Kelimeler: akciğer kanseri, prediktif belirteçler, prognostik belirteçler

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